

REPLIES TO BAILEY

Davidson Defends Waters-Pierce Evidence.

INVITES AN INVESTIGATION

Claims Defendants Seized Postponement of Case Over His Protest, and Declares He Has Never Had Dealings With Standard Oil People in the Pending Litigation.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 6.—Attorney General Davidson to-day made public this statement:

"It has been charged by Senator Bailey: First, that I have in my possession to be used in the trial of the Waters-Pierce oil case, forged documents. Second, that I have had dealings many months, and that I have suppressed them for improper purposes. Third, that in prosecution of the Waters-Pierce oil case I have conspired with persons connected with the Standard Oil interests. Fourth, that I secured the postponement of the Waters-Pierce oil case to prevent the development of the facts in that case at this time. Fifth, that I have agreed to settlements of certain anti-trust suits wherein the State was deprived of money to which it was entitled.

"To these charges I answer: First, the documents, vouchers, and letters in my possession are originals and not copies. They are genuine. Second, I learned the existence of these documents about August 5, 1906, and I came into possession of them on November 12, 1906. I never called on defendant to produce a single document which I had in my possession. Third, I have never at any time had any association or affiliation with any person connected with the Standard Oil interests. Fourth, the Waters-Pierce oil case was continued upon the motion of that company over the earnest and vigorous protest of the attorneys representing this department. Fifth, the proceedings in the anti-trust cases which were settled are public records open to everybody. The settlements in these cases were, according to law, just and proper. Neither I nor any of my assistants received a cent directly or indirectly from these cases, and the district and county attorneys received only what they were entitled to under the law.

"I invite the investigation of all my official acts by the legislature, and especially my conduct of the Waters-Pierce oil case and of the anti-trust cases which have heretofore been settled."

FRIENDS DIE SAME HOUR.

Girl Chums Induce Their Husband to Build Houses Adjacent.

New York, Jan. 6.—Born in the same town, schoolgirl friends, married within a few weeks of each other, and next-door neighbors from that time, and next-door death, Mrs. Charles Hallett and Mrs. R. T. Slade rounded out their lives together even to the same hour, when they died from natural causes in their homes in Riverhead, Long Island, last night.

Mrs. Hallett married a nephew of P. T. Barnum, the showman. She and her girlhood friend induced their husbands to build houses side by side in the village that they might not be separated, and for years the two families were as one.

A few days ago Mrs. Hallett became ill and Mrs. Slade came to nurse her. Mrs. Slade collapsed and was in a dying condition when her friend passed away. Just before she died she whispered to those about her not to tell her friend lest the shock kill her. She died not knowing that her friend had preceded her half an hour earlier.

ROOSEVELT IS REWARDED.

Gaelic Society of Chicago Elects Him an Honorary Member.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—President Roosevelt's interest in the Irish language, history, and literature has caused the Gaelic society of Chicago to elect him an honorary member of the organization. A notification in the Irish language has been engrossed and sent to him by the society, the members of which have no doubt as to his ability to translate it. An article entitled "The Ancient Irish Sagas," contributed to a magazine by President Roosevelt, and his translation of several Irish poems, as well as his interest in Gaelic, are given by the society as the reasons for his selection as an honorary member.

OPERATOR DECEIVED RAILROAD

Man Responsible for Rock Island Wreck Had Understood His Age.

Topeka, Jan. 6.—It has developed that John Lynes, the eighteen-year-old telegraph operator at Volland, whose failure to deliver a dispatcher's order caused the disastrous wreck between Volland and Altavista, deceived the Rock Island officials in his application for employment on file here.

In this application Lynes made the statement that he was born in 1885, which would make him twenty-two years old. The fact is that he was only eighteen years of age, which he swore to after his arrest.

FATALLY HURT BY ASSASSIN.

Undertaker Called to His Door at Night and Clubbed and Shot.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 6.—Called to the door by an unknown man, who represented that he wanted a body prepared for burial, John T. Sutton, aged twenty-six, was clubbed with a blackjack and then shot twice early this morning. Sutton is assistant to E. J. Lynch, an undertaker, whose rooms are at 608 Broadway. At the hospital it is said his condition is serious. The whole affair is a mystery to the police, who are inclined to believe that it is the work of a lunatic.

Offers Home to Dowie's Father.

Essex, Iowa, Jan. 6.—Judge John Murray Dowie, the venerable father of John Alexander Dowie, and disowned by the deposed apostle of Zion City, has accepted the invitation of his son's wife to make his home with her. This invitation is taken to mean that Mrs. Dowie is convinced that the judge is her father-in-law, although Dowie has strenuously denied the relationship.

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DEFENDS DEAD HUSBAND.

Widow of Dr. Butler Says Mrs. Birdsong Hounded Victim.

Hazelhurst, Miss., Jan. 6.—"She can't after my husband and hounded him until he became so disgusted that he asked her to stay out of his office, and if she needed medicine to send her husband. Only a few days before she killed him he asked her on the street, when she came to him, to leave him alone. I believe this is why she killed him."

This is the declaration of Mrs. Sallie Butler, widow of Dr. Thomas H. Butler, in referring to her husband's slayer, Mrs. Annie Fox Birdsong, niece of United States Senator A. J. McLaurin, who, after a sensational trial here two weeks ago, was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

"I am a woman who has suffered agony over the loss of my dear husband, a woman whose heart is full, with four little children that lost the best father in the world," continued Mrs. Butler, "and I feel like I deserve the sympathy of all good men."

This is the first time Mrs. Butler has publicly spoken of the tragedy. Mrs. Birdsong is now at liberty on \$10,000 bond pending the result of her appeal to the Supreme Court.

PRAISE ARCHBISHOP IRELAND

French Papers Commend His Insight Into Nation's Failing.

Admit People Have Not True Conception of Liberty of Conscience. Sermon Widely Quoted.

Paris, Jan. 6.—Archbishop Ireland's sermon on the French situation has been largely published here since the arrival of the last mail. The Temps and Journal des Debats both comment upon it this evening. While these papers hold different views on the church question, both endorse Archbishop Ireland's perspicacity in grasping and pointing out a common French defect, namely, failure to understand, and, therefore, failure to attain liberty, because the people are dominated, as in monarchical times, by the idea of the omnipotence of the state. The Temps says:

"Archbishop Ireland has laid his finger on one of our national sores, the absolute principle, now exercised only in another sense. Louis XIV employed his power to extirpate heresy. The anti-clericals, to-day his successors, employ it to destroy religion. It is exactly the same abuse, namely, the state's power is put at the service of the religious or philosophic opinions of those who would hold back, and the liberty of individual belief is oppressed by the weight of a doctrinaire state."

It adds that France will never know true liberty until that state and people understand that going or not going to mass is a matter of conscience, with which the government has nothing whatever to do. The whole matter lies in the education of the French people. Catholics and republicans must acquire this point of view, and they would soon, if the French had more prelates of Archbishop Ireland's liberality.

The Journal des Debats refers to Archbishop Ireland's ready perception of the great flaw in French public life, and says that, unfortunately, there being a small number of citizens having the taste or having the sense of liberty, the parties in power always encourage this notion. It adds:

"There has been an attempt to separate church and state, but separation, which in the United States means liberty, signifies servitude in a country which tolerates no rival."

GIVES BRIDE TO BROTHER.

Ironworker Says "I Am Good Looking and Can Get Another."

Seranton, Pa., Jan. 6.—An example of brotherly love has developed here concerning two ironworkers employed at the Trough Iron Works, in this city. They are Frank and Julian Wajciechowski.

Frank and Julian were both single about three months ago, when Frank decided that he would get a wife. So he sent some money he had saved to a girl in Poland, whom he had known there before he came to America. The money was to pay her passage to this country.

She landed last week. Frank met her in New York, and brought her to this city. Preparations for the wedding took place this week were made, but at the last moment Julian filed objections, alleging that he did not like to see Frank become married. Frank told Julian he would marry the girl if he only knew what to do with her.

Julian said: "Give her to me."

This Frank agreed to do, and, as both brothers looked alike, the intended bride, she was willing, and she married Julian yesterday.

Frank was asked after the wedding why he had surrendered the bride to Julian. He answered: "Julian could not get a wife. I am good-looking."

KILL 100 OF RAISUL'S MEN.

Sultan's Forces Overtake Bandit and Pierce Battle Follows.

Tangier, Morocco, Jan. 6.—Raisul, the notorious bandit, who has been defying the Sultan for months, is to-night feeling the vengeance of his royal master, his forces completely routed, and he himself severely wounded.

In the fight, which began on Saturday, between the forces of the Sultan and Raisul's adherents, the latter were completely routed and more than 100 killed. Raisul had a narrow escape from capture, and a force is now pursuing him. It is declared that his career in Morocco is an end, and that if he is captured he will be at once executed.

The Sultan's forces recovered much booty from Raisul's camp.

CRIES "OLD MAID;" IS FINED.

Girl Severely Lectured for Her Remarks by Pennsylvania Official.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Jan. 6.—Because she called Miss Mary Cassidy an old maid, Miss Margaret Parren, of Georgetown, was arrested to-day, and Alderman Donohue held her under bail to keep the peace and fined her the costs of the case.

The alderman, who is famous as a thrasher of wife beaters, declared that a woman unmarried and independent is more to be honored than pitted, and that it is a shame to refer to such women as old maids. Nowadays, he said, anybody can get a man, rush him off to an alderman's office and marry him.

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THREE PERISH IN FIRE

Firemen Crushed to Death by Falling Floors.

BODIES NOT YET RECOVERED

Two Battalion Chiefs in Serious Condition at Hospital—One Overcome by Smoke and Other Cut in Abdomen and Otherwise Internally Injured—Property Loss Small.

New York, Jan. 6.—Three firemen—Daniel J. Campbell, aged thirty-one; John J. Senfent, aged thirty-five, and Thomas Lennon, aged twenty-six—of engine company No. 22, lost their lives to-night in a fire believed to have been of incendiary origin, which destroyed the six-story building at 64 Roosevelt street, occupied by George F. Hill, a dealer in waste paper. In addition, two battalion chiefs—O'Connor, of the second, and Duffy, of the third—were badly hurt, and are now in the hospital.

The fire started in the rear of the structure and worked up through a shaft, so that within ten minutes of the time the fire broke out the building was a mass of flames. The men of company No. 22 took their line into the building through the first floor and were at work when, without warning, the floors began to sag. The men rushed for the outside, but the three named were not quick enough, and were caught between the floor and crushed. Search is being made for their bodies, but it is hardly likely that they will be recovered until to-morrow, as there are tons of debris on top of them.

Chief O'Connor was carried out of the building unconscious from smoke, and it was necessary for ambulance surgeons to use oxygen to revive him. Chief Duffy was caught on the fourth floor when it fell through, and was badly cut about the abdomen, and received internal injuries. Both are reported to be in a very serious condition at the hospital. The actual loss by the fire is small.

FOUR TO HANG IN ONE DAY.

Unless Governor Interferes Executions Will Take Place Thursday.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 6.—Four people, including one woman, may be legally executed in Missouri next Thursday unless the governor shall see fit to exercise executive clemency. In two instances Gov. Folk stated positively to-night that he would allow the law to take its course. Albert Spough will be hanged at Centerville for the murder of Sheriff Folk, of Iron County, and William E. Church will be executed at Warrenton for the murder of his foster parents.

Mrs. Agnes Myers is to be hanged at Liberty, Mo., and Frank Hottman is to be hanged at Kansas City for the murder of Mrs. Myers' husband. No effort has been made to save Hottman, and Gov. Folk has received no petition in behalf of Mrs. Myers.

Attorneys for Mrs. Myers are trying to get a rehearing of her case in the Supreme Court. Failing in this, they will probably ask the governor to commute her sentence to life imprisonment. Gov. Folk has indicated that he is willing to do this. What action is taken in regard to Mrs. Myers will also probably include Hottman, as both were sentenced to hang for the same crime.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ALUMNI.

Permanent Offices in Boston Are Planned by Harvard Graduates.

The alumni of Harvard University will soon have permanent headquarters in Boston. The scheme was authorized in a general way when the Alumni Association adopted a new constitution last commencement. The details, however, were left to the association's board of directors, and this board, at a meeting last October, voted to have a committee of five take charge of the project.

This committee will report to the board of directors next Wednesday evening in Boston. In the report, which is practically sure of adoption, the committee recommends that the headquarters be established at 50 State street, in the building used by the board of overseers. The committee will suggest, in all probability, that E. H. Wells, '96, the present assistant dean of Harvard College, be made the general secretary of the Alumni Association. It is understood that Mr. Wells will give up his present position in the university, and will devote all his time to the direction of this new work.

The headquarters will be a general information bureau pertaining to the university. The scope of the work is intended to be wide enough to supply information, not only to graduates, but also to all persons interested in any way in the university and its work. Heretofore the college officers at University Hall, the Union, and the office at 50 State street have been the chief sources of information. All publications, documents, data, statistics, and announcements of the activities of the university will be kept on file at the office.

The new general secretary will have charge of the publication of the quarterly catalog, which has heretofore been published by the university. The Bulletin will be taken over as the official organ of the association. While the general secretary will be editor-in-chief of this paper, J. D. Merrill, '98, the present editor, will be made managing editor. With the backing of the Alumni Association the circulation of the Bulletin will be largely increased; it will also be the medium of furnishing the alumni with information of immediate interest.

As soon as the new quarters are in working order the task of making a complete list of all living Harvard men will be started. L. E. Burr, '78, has undertaken the work of securing the necessary financial support. He has already received assurances from twenty-six classes that the required financial backing will be provided.

Urges Insanity Plea for Thaw.

Pittsburg, Kan. 6.—Mrs. Mary Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, charged with the murder of Stanford White, has been advised by United States Senator P. C. Knox and Justice of the Supreme Court McKenna that the only safety for her son's life lies in his pleading insanity. The advice was not given to Mrs. Thaw by the two learned men as paid lawyers, but as personal friends. Both of them were very intimate with the elder Mrs. Thaw.

Chinese Graduate of Yale Honored.

New Haven, Jan. 6.—Word has been received at Yale University that Dr. Chan Kam-To, LL. D., of Yale, stood highest at the recent examination held at Peking by the Imperial board of examiners for the degree of LL. D. there. Dr. Chan Kam-To spent some time in the Treasury Department at Washington, under the direction of Secretary Shaw, studying the methods of that department.

Ocean Steamships.

New York, Jan. 6.—Arrived: S. S. Elmina, from Liverpool; New York, from Southampton.

FIND NO CLEW TO MISCREANT.

New York Police Seek Italian Who Threw Bomb from Elevated.

New York, Jan. 6.—Detective Sergeant Petrosino and two of his staff of Italian sleuths worked in vain to-day to find any clew to the identity of the man who threw a bomb from a second avenue elevated train at Forty-second street on Saturday night, seriously injuring Giuseppe Cimilucia and Mrs. Mary Bailey.

Cimilucia, who runs a fruit store on the corner, told the detective sergeant to-day that he knew that he had several enemies who had threatened to take his life since the time last August when he had been active in getting evidence against a woman who killed his brother-in-law, Ferrarini. He did not know the names of these men who had sworn vengeance, but he said he had received warnings that they would get him some time.

Petrosino said to-day he was convinced the bomb throwing was not the work of any blackmailing association, but the effort of private individuals to get revenge. Mrs. Bailey was discharged from the Flower Hospital, where she was taken immediately after the explosion last Saturday night. Cimilucia, who was removed to the same institution, is reported to be recovering.

GOTTLIEB'S BOMB NOT A FAKE.

Detective Declares It Might Have Killed Father-in-Law.

New York, Jan. 6.—When the case of Dr. J. A. Gottlieb, who sent a supposed infernal machine to his father-in-law, Morris Gluckman, came up for examination in the Yorkville Police Court to-day, Detective Van Twister asked that the hearing go over until to-morrow. He said he wanted more time to prepare the evidence necessary to show that the machine was capable of doing harm and had been constructed with that design.

"This is no fake bomb, and I will prove it," declared the detective. Magistrate Breen granted the request.

HARRIMAN CONVENIENTLY ILL

Wall Street Looks Upon His Condition as Suspicious.

Railroad Magnate Has No Great Desire to Face the Commerce Commission.

New York, Jan. 6.—"What is the actual condition of E. H. Harriman, prominent financier and just now very much in the eyes of the public as the result of the investigation being made into his railroad operations, especially so far as the Union Pacific system is concerned, by the Interstate Commerce Commission?"

That is the question that is being asked wherever financiers congregate in this city. All that is absolutely known by the public is that Mr. Harriman is at his town house, 11 East Sixty-second street, under the attendance of his personal physician, Dr. Lyle.

It was reported early to-day that Harriman's condition had taken a turn for the worse, and that his illness was much more serious than had previously been admitted. All that could be learned, however, was that Dr. Lyle spent the night with the financier, and that trained nurses had been called in. The doctor said to-day that his patient was all right, and would be able to be out soon. Further than this, he declined to talk.

It is rather peculiar, however, that in financial circles which are opposed to Mr. Harriman his illness is regarded as something of a "joke." The assertion is made that this illness is most convenient, inasmuch as it prevents him from being called to stand by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Men who know a great deal of the inside of the Harriman financial operations assert that Mr. Harriman is very anxious to keep off the witness stand. They declare that Stuyvesant Fish, whom Harriman deposed as president of the Illinois Central, has been coaching the attorneys in the commission on questions which Mr. Harriman would be compelled to answer, might greatly embarrass him.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is to continue its investigation into the Union Pacific in Chicago next Tuesday, and attorneys for the Harriman interests will declare that Harriman will not be present.

Expect Startling Revelations. Chicago, Jan. 6.—Startling revelations in connection with the financial manipulations incident to the acquisition of the Chicago and Alton Railroad by the Harriman interests, and the subsequent inflation of its capital stock to \$120,000,000, or three times the original amount, may grow out of the Interstate Commerce Commission's investigation of the Harriman railroad in Chicago this week.

If the increased number of commissioners who have been assigned to the Chicago hearing is to be taken into account, it may be assumed that the government regards the probable developments as the most important of the entire investigation.

Chairman Knapp and Commissioner Clark arrived in Chicago to-day, and announced that the entire commission, with the exception of former Senator Cockrell, would attend the Chicago hearing.

The hearing of the Harriman interests will begin Tuesday morning, after two hearings involving live-stock rates and terminal charges at the Chicago yards have been disposed of to-morrow.

Will Arrange for Southern Rail.

Arrangements for the annual ball of the Southern Relief Society, which is to be given on February 5, at the New Willard, will be discussed at the meeting of the members of that society on Tuesday. Governors from two of the nearby States, Maryland and Virginia, have accepted invitations to the affair. The Marine and United States cavalry bands will furnish music for the occasion.

Dr. Canpay Has Large Audience.

Rochester, Jan. 6.—Dr. A. S. Crapsy, the Episcopal rector who renounced the ministry after his conviction of heresy by an ecclesiastical court, began his career as a lecturer to-night in the Lyceum Theater. As was to be expected, his home city turned out a large audience to hear him.

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BANKS LAX IN LOANS

Walsh's Friends Say Signers Never See Many Notes.

PRACTICE COMMON TO ALL

Defense Will Be That Such Pledges Are Used in All Big Institutions as "Accommodation" Paper—Insists Secretary of Treasury and Comptroller of Currency Know About It.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Promissory notes bearing the names of men who never saw or heard of such pledges are carried by many large banks.

No attempt is made to imitate the handwriting of the ostensible signers. Bank examiners understood the system, and no one tries to deceive them. Comptroller of the Currency knows about it, too, and approve the examiners' statements without even a comment.

The pledges are taken as "mere accommodation notes." The whole thing is a common business practice and has never been regarded as wrong.

Such, it is said, will be John R. Walsh's defense to the charge that the Chicago National Bank carried forged notes representing millions among its assets.

No less a person than Secretary of the Treasury Shaw declared in a public interview in Chicago, shortly after the bank's failure, that the Walsh banks did what many other banks did, and that if Walsh was open to criticism it would be a very unpleasant thing for financiers the whole country over. The failure of the Walsh bank and its allied institutions, involving, as they did, nearly \$30,000,000, gave the Chicago money market a decided shock a year ago. Nevertheless, they were not regarded by financiers as serious failures.

Depositors Lose Nothing. The Chicago clearing house banks took over the Walsh assets and assumed the Walsh liabilities. Depositors were paid in full, and it is generally agreed that the clearing house banks will not only get back all they invested, but will have a margin of several million dollars' worth of property to turn over to Walsh.

However, the bank examiners asked the district attorney to take the case before the Federal grand jury.

Included in the assets were twenty-nine notes of \$100,000 each, on which \$2,785,000 was lent by the bank to enterprises in which Walsh was interested. They bear the signatures of men either now or formerly prominently identified with those concerns.

Three of the men whose names were so used—E. C. Burill, George Paradise, and E. T. Latham—have already been called before the grand jury and testified that the signatures are not their own, and do not even look like them. Others will testify this week. To each note is attached a share of stock in the concern for which the money was borrowed.

Makes Bank the Purchaser. The real effect of the transaction, the prosecutor asserts, was to make the bank the purchaser of the stock, though it appeared as a loan made in the regular course of business.

Walsh's supporters say they are prepared to concede that there may have been technicalities, but that criminal intent was lacking, that the system is in general use, and that the government officials know what kind of securities they were handling. But for unexpected action against the Walsh bank, it is asserted, the notes would have been duly met and nothing heard of the matter, as is usual in such cases.

"AD" SEEKS BIBLE STUDENTS.

Sunday School Uses Newspapers, Owning to Success Last Year.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 6.—The Cumberland Men's Bible Class, which less than a year ago became known as the best-advertised Sunday school class in the world, through the medium of a page advertisement printed in a local paper, and the hundreds of complimentary notices and write-ups growing out of this in leading papers, church papers, magazines, and editorials in various newspapers, commenting on the new field of advertising opened up, and the success experienced in practical results, had another page advertisement in yesterday morning's issue of a local newspaper, the same medium used before.

The first advertisement was a call for more members. The class then numbered 70, and the advertisement brought 30 more. The call now is made for 150 more members to make the 400 wanted for the class, which is a part of the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church of this city.

NOTICE!

The subscribers to The Washington Herald will please not pay subscriptions, from November 12 up to date, to any one representing himself to be an agent of H. H. Burroughs. This party has no connection whatever with our organization, nor is he authorized to collect any money from date stated.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD CO.

BELMONT THANKS HUGHES.

Appreciates Attitude of New Yorker Toward the Publicity Bill.

The National Publicity Bill Association, through Perry Belmont, has addressed a letter to Gov. Charles E. Hughes, of New York, expressing its appreciation of his attitude toward legislation compelling the publication of campaign expenditures. Mr. Belmont says:

"The successful operation of the publicity law at the recent State election in New York has given renewed impetus to the movement to obtain a national publicity law. In two years there will be another election in New York for governor and other State officers to be held at the same time as the Presidential and Congressional elections. The new law compels publicity of contributions and expenditures on the part of the State and local committees. The absence of a Federal law, should none be enacted prior to that time, compelling publicity of expenditures on the part of national and Congressional committees would impair the efficiency of our existing State laws, and of similar laws in those States which have enacted publicity laws."

"Federal and State publicity laws would supplement each other. The members of our organization are continuing their efforts to obtain legislation at the present session of Congress, and your recommendations have given us much encouragement."

Probably.

From the Houston Post. "If you were to offer him a bribe of thousands he would spurn it indignantly."

"Yes, but if I were to offer him a bribe of millions he would not be so much more indignantly yet."

ODELL'S COUSIN IS DEAD.

Grandson of Revolutionary Hero Passes Away at Rippe Age.

Ardley, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Dyckman Odell, eighty-two years old, head of the numerous Odell family in Westchester County, and a cousin of ex-Gov. Odell, is dead at his home in Ardley.

Mr. Odell died in the house in which he was born, which was famous throughout Westchester County and the State as the headquarters of Rochambeau during the latter part of the Revolutionary war. The old house stands on the heights back of Dobbs Ferry, and frequently sheltered Washington and other patriots during their conference with the noted French general.

Dyckman Odell was the son of Jackson Odell, who was graduated from Columbia College in 1814. He spent his entire life on his farm in the town of Greenburg, and frequently held town offices.